

# LEARNING POWER BI

## PART V

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DAX  
DR. ALVIN ANG



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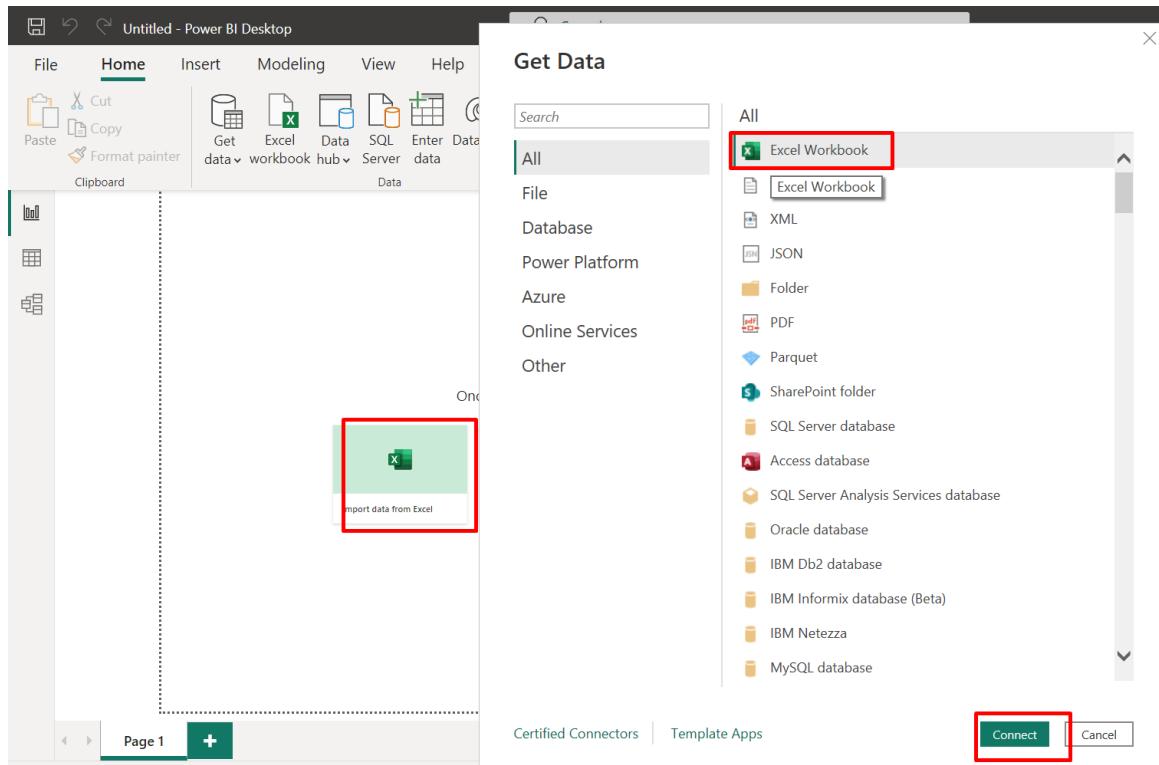
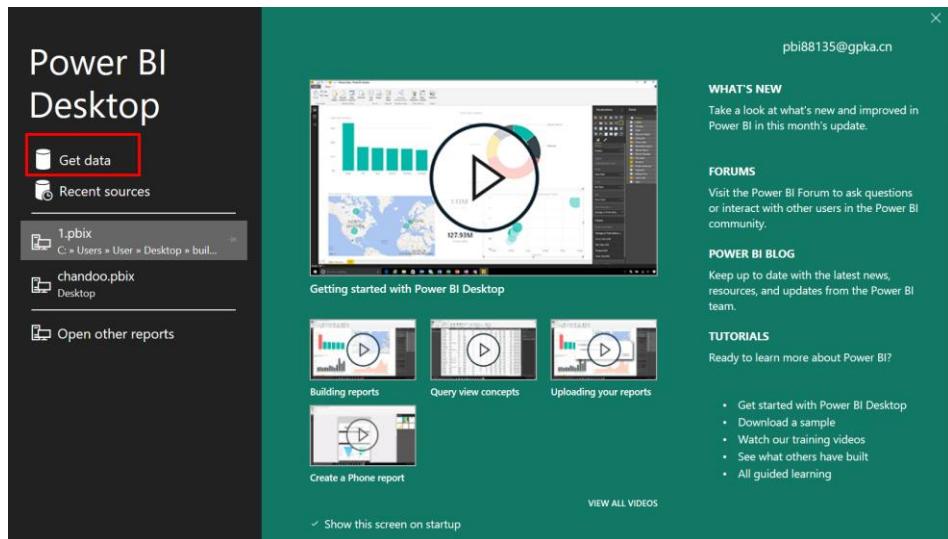
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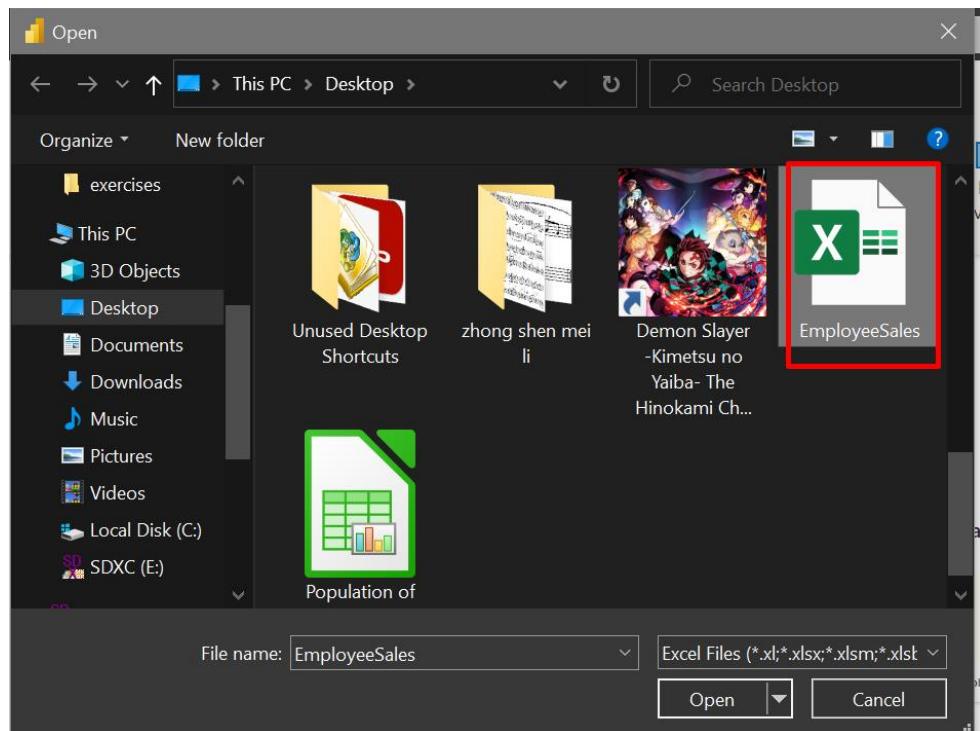
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## I. GET DATA

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<https://www.alvinang.sg/s/Employeesales.xlsx>





The screenshot shows the Power BI Navigator interface. The 'EmployeeSales' dataset is selected and highlighted with a red box. The data preview shows a table with columns: FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, and YearlyIncome. The table data is as follows:

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000

At the bottom right, there are buttons for 'Load', 'Transform Data', and 'Cancel', with 'Load' highlighted with a red box.

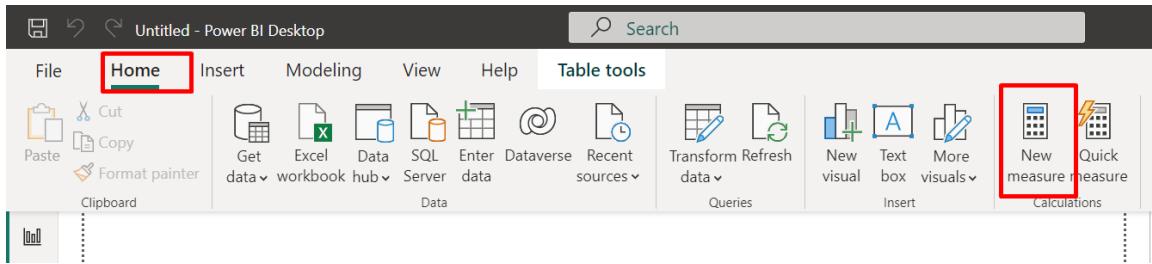
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## II. DAX AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

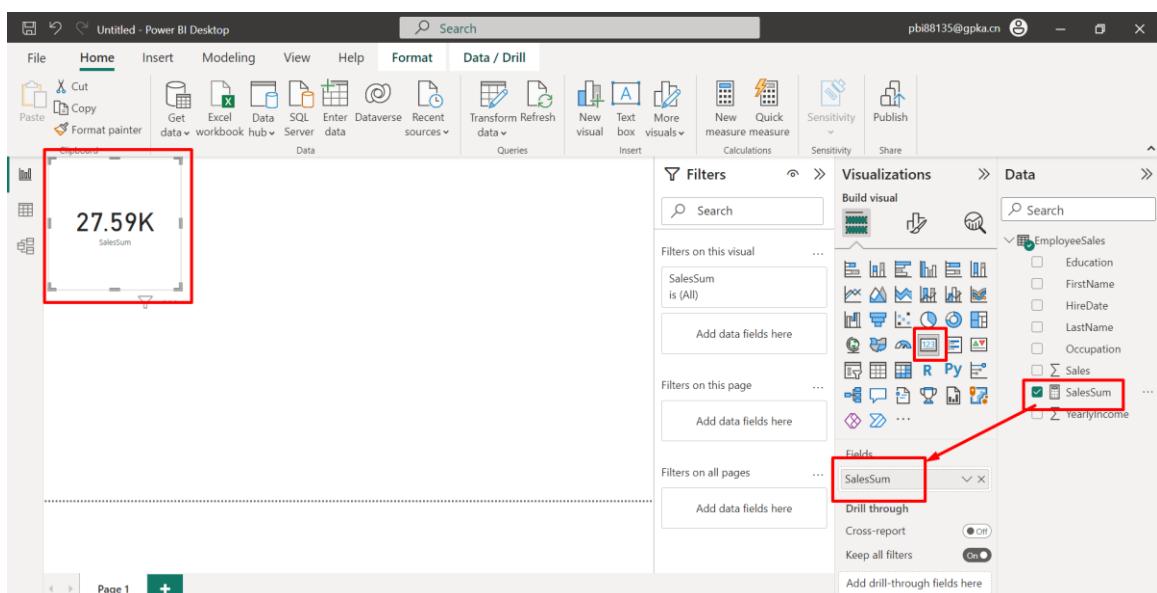
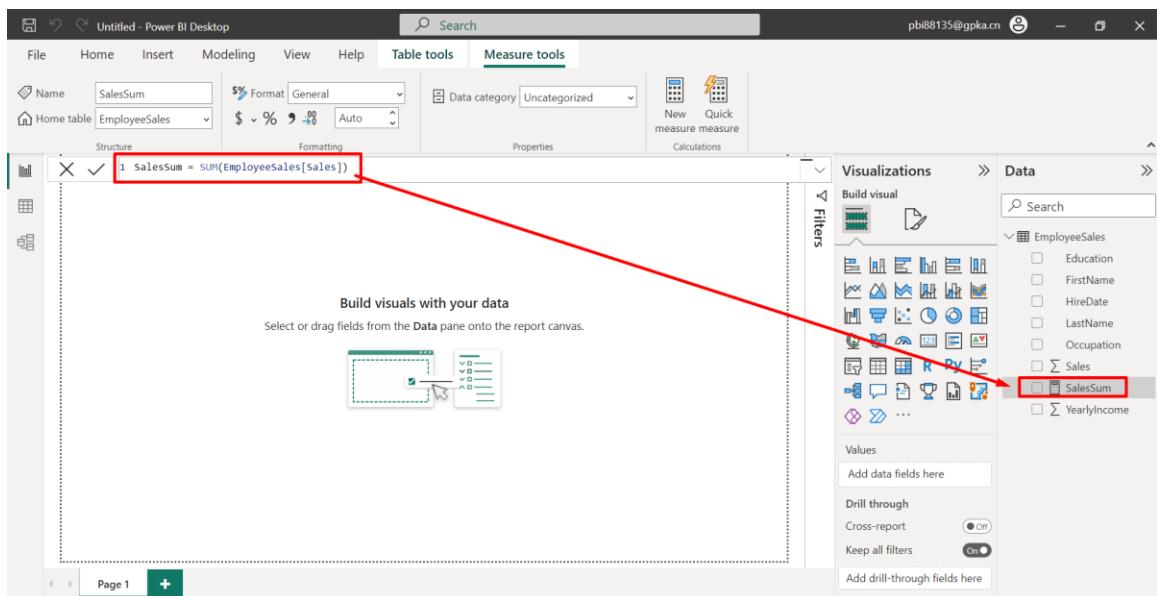
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### A. DAX SUM

**SalesSum = SUM(EmployeeSales[Sales])**



A screenshot of the Power BI Desktop interface. The 'Measure tools' tab is selected. In the 'Structures' pane, there is one measure named 'Measure'. A red box highlights this name. An arrow points from this box to the 'Measure' item in the 'Data' pane, which is also highlighted with a red box. The 'Data' pane shows a table named 'EmployeeSales' with fields like Education, FirstName, HireDate, LastName, Occupation, Sales, and YearlyIncome.



## B. DAX AVERAGE

$$\text{AVGSale} = \text{AVERAGE}(\text{EmployeeSales}[Sales])$$

This screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface. In the top ribbon, the 'Format' tab is selected. On the left, under 'Structure', there is a table with one row containing the formula `AVGSale = AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales])`. To the right of this table, the 'Measure tools' section is open, with the 'New measure' button highlighted by a red box. Below the table, two numerical values are displayed: **27.59K** for SalesSum and **1.97K** for AVGSale. The 'Visualizations' pane on the right shows various chart types, and the 'Data' pane shows the 'EmployeeSales' table with the 'AVGSale' measure selected and checked.

This screenshot shows the same Power BI Desktop interface. The 'Fields' list in the 'Data' pane now has the 'AVGSale' measure selected and checked, indicated by a red box. The visualizations pane shows a selected chart type, and the data pane still displays the 'EmployeeSales' table.

### C. DAX MIN

$$\text{MinSale} = \text{MIN}(\text{EmployeeSales}[Sales])$$

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Insert Modeling View Help Format Data / Drill Table tools Measure tools

Name: MinSale

Home table: EmployeeSales

Structure: 1 MinSale = MIN(EmployeeSales[Sales])

Formatting: \$ General \$ % , 00 Auto

Data category: Uncategorized

Properties: New Quick measure Calculations

Visualizations: SalesSum, AVESale, MinSale

Filters on this visual: MinSale (is All)

Add data fields here

Filters on this page: Add data fields here

Filters on all pages: Add data fields here

Fields: MinSale

Drill through: Off

Cross-report: On

Keep all filters: On

Add drill-through fields here

Page 1 +

Page 1 of 1

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Help Table tools Measure tools

Name: MinSale

Home table: EmployeeSales

Format: General \$ % , 00 Auto

Data category: Uncategorized

Properties: New Quick measure Calculations

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	28-01-06
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	29-12-10
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	29-12-11
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	28-12-12
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	22-09-08
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	06-07-09
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	12-08-09
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	05-07-07
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	15-09-13
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	25-01-14
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	02-10-06
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	15-05-14
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	14-01-13
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	05-07-13

the minimum sales is indeed 23.5

#### D. DAX MAX

$$\text{MaxSale} = \text{MAX}(\text{EmployeeSales}[Sales])$$

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Insert Modeling View Help Format Data / Drill Table tools Measure tools

Name: MaxSale

Home table: EmployeeSales

Structure: 1 MaxSale = MAX(EmployeeSales[Sales])

Formatting: \$% Format: General

Properties: Data category: Uncategorized

Calculations: New measure

Visualizations: Build visual: MaxSale

Data: EmployeeSales

- AVGSale
- Education
- FirstName
- HireDate
- LastName
- MaxSale**
- MinSale
- Occupation
- Sales
- SalesSum
- YearlyIncome

Page 1 +

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Help Table tools Measure tools

Name: MaxSale

Home table: EmployeeSales

Format: \$% Format: General

Data category: Uncategorized

Measure tools: New measure

	Lastname	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate
Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	28-01-06	
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	29-12-10
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	29-12-11
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	28-12-12
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	22-09-08
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	06-07-09
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	12-08-09
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	05-07-07
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	15-09-13
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	25-01-14
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	02-10-06
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	15-05-14
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	14-01-13
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	05-07-13

the maximum sales is indeed 4.97K

## E. DAX COUNT

$$\text{CountSales} = \text{COUNT}(\text{EmployeeSales}[Sales])$$

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Measure tools' tab selected. A new measure named 'CountSales' has been created, as indicated by the red box around the formula bar. The formula is `CountSales = COUNT(EmployeeSales[Sales])`. The 'Format' tab is also highlighted with a red box. The 'Visualizations' pane on the right shows the 'CountSales' measure selected.

The screenshot shows a table visualization with columns: FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and HireDate. The 'Sales' column is highlighted with a red box. The table contains 14 rows of employee data. Below the table, a red text overlay states: "ther are indeed 14 Sales Count".

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	28-01-06
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	29-12-10
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	29-12-11
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	28-12-12
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	22-09-08
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	06-07-09
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	12-08-09
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	05-07-07
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	15-09-13
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	25-01-14
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	02-10-06
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	15-05-14
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	14-01-13
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	05-07-13

## F. DAX STANDARD DEVIATION

$$\text{StdevSIncome} = \text{STDEV.P}(\text{EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome]})$$

Screenshot of Power BI Desktop showing the creation and use of a DAX measure for standard deviation.

**Measure tools:** A new measure is being created, as indicated by the red box around the "New measure" button in the Measure tools ribbon tab.

**Report view:** The formula `#stdIncome = STDEV.P(EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome])` is displayed in the Report view pane.

**Visualizations:** A card visual displays the value **16.12K** for the measure **StdevIncome**.

**Data:** The Data pane shows the EmployeeSales table with various columns like SalesSum, AVGSale, MinSale, MaxSale, and CountSales.

**Annotations:**

- STDEV.P = std dev for Population**
- STDEV.S = std dev for Sample**
- they are both different formulas used in Statistics**
- we shall not dwell on differences between .P [sigma] vs .S[s]**
- here but we shall generally use the Population Std Deviation**
- for more information, check out Dr. Alvin's Statistics Publications**

### III. DAX DATE FUNCTIONS

<https://www.alvinang.sg/s/EmployeeSales.xlsx>

#### A. BRING IN THE DATA FROM A FRESH NEW START

we bring in the data as per fresh start

before we created any new measures [as per previous section]

Name: HireDate

Data type: Date/time

We see that the moment we bring in 'HireDate' column automatically Power BI is able to detect it as Date/Time format

## B. CHANGE TO TEXT FORMAT

but we want to change it to TEXT format

	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate
John	College	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM
Rob	Management	Skilled Manual	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM
Ruben	Date	College	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM
Christy	Time	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM
Rob	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM
John	Text	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM
John	Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM
Christy	High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM
Rob	Binary	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5
					7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM

## C. CREATE A TABLE

FirstName	LastName	Occupation	Sum of YearlyIncome	HireDate
Barry	Johnson	Management	80000	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM
Christy	Carlson	Management	70000	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM
Christy	Mehta	Clerical	50000	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM
Christy	Zhu	Professional	80000	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM
Gail	Erickson	Professional	90000	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM
Greg	Alderson	Clerical	45000	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM
John	Miller	Management	80000	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM
John	Ruiz	Professional	70000	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM
John	Yang	Professional	90000	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM
Peter	Krebs	Clerical	50000	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM
Rob	Huang	Skilled Manual	60000	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM
Rob	Johnson	Management	80000	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM
Rob	Verhoff	Clerical	45000	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM
Ruben	Torres	Skilled Manual	50000	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM
<b>Total</b>			<b>940000</b>	

## D. DAX NOW()

### Today = NOW()

Table: EmployeeSales (15 rows) Column: Today (1 distinct values)

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	Today
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Christy	Mehtha	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	3/18/2023 12:44:13 AM

RIGHT CLICK

- Sort ascending
- Sort descending
- Clear sort
- Clear filter
- Clear all filters
- Copy
- Copy table
- New measure
- New column
- Delete (highlighted)
- Refresh data
- Edit query
- Hide in report view
- Unhide all
- New group

## E. DAX DAY()

### DayinDate = DAY(EmployeeSales[HireDate])

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'DayinDate' is being created, defined by the formula `DayinDate = DAY(EmployeeSales[HireDate])`. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the 'EmployeeSales' table with various columns like FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and HireDate. The 'DayinDate' column is highlighted with a red box, and its properties show it is of type 'Whole number'. The calculated values for 'DayinDate' are circled in blue.

**word of advice:** since Microsoft is US company, their default is MM/DD/YYYY  
unlike Singapore that follows UK DD/MM/YYYY, we should try to follow them  
else whether in Excel or Power Query, Date format is a big headache to wrangle with

## F. DAX MONTH()

### MonthinDate = MONTH(EmployeeSales[HireDate])

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'MonthinDate' is being created, defined by the formula `MonthinDate = MONTH(EmployeeSales[HireDate])`. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the 'EmployeeSales' table with various columns like FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and HireDate. The 'MonthinDate' column is highlighted with a red box, and its properties show it is of type 'Whole number'. The calculated values for 'MonthinDate' are circled in blue.

## G. DAX YEAR()

**YearInDt = YEAR(EmployeeSales[HireDate])**

Power BI Desktop interface showing the creation of a new column 'YearInDt' using the DAX formula `YearInDt = YEAR(EmployeeSales[HireDate])`. The column is of type Whole number and is sorted by value. A red box highlights the formula in the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'New column' button in the ribbon.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	DayinDate	YearInDt
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	28	2006
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	29	2010
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	29	2011
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	28	2012
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	22	2008
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	6	2009
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	12	2009
Christy	Mehtha	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	5	2007
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	15	2013
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	25	2014
Gall	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	2	2006
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	15	2014
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	14	2013
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	5	2013
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	5	2005

## H. DAX HOUR()

**Hour = HOUR(EmployeeSales[HireDate])**

Power BI Desktop interface showing the creation of a new column 'Hour' using the DAX formula `Hour = HOUR(EmployeeSales[HireDate])`. The column is of type Whole number and is sorted by value. A red box highlights the formula in the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'New column' button in the ribbon.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	DayinDate	YearInDt	Hour
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	28	2006	13
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	29	2010	15
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	29	2011	22
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	28	2012	19
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	22	2008	19
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	6	2009	12
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	12	2009	15
Christy	Mehtha	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	5	2007	15
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	15	2013	15
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	25	2014	16
Gall	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	2	2006	5
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	15	2014	5
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	14	2013	5
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	5	2013	5
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	5	2005	5

## I. DAX MINUTE()

**Min = MINUTE(EmployeeSales[HireDate])**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Table tools' tab selected. A new column named 'Min' is being created, with the formula `Min = MINUTE(EmployeeSales[HireDate])` entered in the formula bar. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the EmployeeSales table with various columns like FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, HireDate, DayinDate, and YearInDt. A red box highlights the formula in the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'Min' column in the table preview.

## J. DAX DATE()

**Date = DATE(YEAR(EmployeeSales[HireDate]),  
MONTH(EmployeeSales[HireDate]),  
DAY(EmployeeSales[HireDate]))**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Table tools' tab selected. A new column named 'Date' is being created, with the formula `Date = DATE(YEAR(EmployeeSales[HireDate]), MONTH(EmployeeSales[HireDate]), DAY(EmployeeSales[HireDate]))` entered in the formula bar. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the EmployeeSales table with various columns. A red box highlights the formula in the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'Date' column in the table preview.

## K. DAX WEEKDAY()

**WeekDay = WEEKDAY(EmployeeSales[HireDate], 1)**

If Number = 1, then 1 refers to Sunday  
 If Number = 2, then 1 refers to Monday  
 If Number = 3, then 0 refers to Monday... so we choose '1' to let 1 represent Sunday

which means this date is a TUESDAY

## A. DAX WEEKNUM()

**WeekNum = WEEKNUM(EmployeeSales[HireDate], 1)**

WeekNum = WEEKNUM(EmployeeSales[HireDate], 1)

4th week in that year 2006

3rd Week in that year 2013

1 WeekNum = WEEKNUM(EmployeeSales[HireDate], 2)

If Number = 1 then that Week begins on Sunday  
If Number = 2 then that Week begins on Monday

## IV. DAX LOGICAL FUNCTIONS

<https://www.alvinang.sg/s/EmployeeSales.xlsx>

### A. BRING IN THE DATA FROM A FRESH NEW START

we bring in the data as per fresh start

before we created any new measures [as per previous section]

### B. DAX IF

IfExample = IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] > 3000, "Good", "Bad")

IfExample = IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] > 3000, "Good", "Bad")

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	IfExample
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 7:10:02 PM	Good
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	Good
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	Bad
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	Good
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	Bad
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	Bad
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	Bad
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	Bad
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	Bad
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	Bad
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	Good
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	Good
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	Bad

### C. DAX NEST IF

**NestedIfEx =**

**IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] < 1000, "Very Bad",**

**IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] > 3000, "Good",  
"Average" ))**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'NestedIfEx' is being created, with its formula defined as:

```
NestedIfEx = IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] < 1000, "Very Bad",  
IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] > 3000, "Good", "Average" ))
```

The 'Calculations' button in the ribbon is highlighted with a red box. The 'NestedIfEx' column is also highlighted with a red box. The Data pane on the right shows the structure of the 'EmployeeSales' table, with the newly created 'NestedIfEx' column highlighted.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	IfExample	NestedIfEx
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	Good	Good
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	Good	Good
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	Bad	Very Bad
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	Good	Good
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	Bad	Average
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Average
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	Bad	Average
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad

#### D. DAX AND

#### AndSales

=

IF(AND(

EmployeeSales[Sales] > AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales]),

EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome] >= 70000),

"Good Job", "Bad Job")

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Table tools' ribbon selected. A new column named 'AndSales' is being created, as indicated by the formula in the formula bar:

```
AndSales = IF(AND(EmployeeSales[Sales] > AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales])), EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome] >= 70000, "good Job", "Bad Job")
```

The Data view on the right shows the resulting 'AndSales' column with values 'Good Job' and 'Bad Job' corresponding to the calculated conditions.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	IfExample	NestedIfEx	AndSales
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	Bad	Average	Bad Job
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2008 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Average	Bad Job
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	Bad	Average	Good Job
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2008 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good	Good Job
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good	Good Job
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job

## E. DAX OR

### OrSales

=

**IF(OR(**

**EmployeeSales[Sales] < AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales]),**

**EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome] >= 90000),**

**"Watchlist", "Doing Good")**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column is being created with the name 'OrSales'. The formula entered is:

```
OrSales = IF(OR(EmployeeSales[Sales] < AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales]),
                 EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome] >= 90000), "Watchlist", "Doing Good")
```

The 'New column' button is highlighted with a red box. The 'Data' pane on the right shows the columns available in the data source, with 'OrSales' also highlighted with a red box.

Name	Last Name	Education	Occupation	Yearly Income	Sales	Hire Date	If Example	Nested If Ex	And Sales
hn	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
ib	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
iben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
iristy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	Good	Good	Good Job
ib	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	Bad	Average	Bad Job
hn	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
hn	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Average	Good Job
iristy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
ib	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
iristy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	Bad	Average	Good Job
il	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good	Good Job
rry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	Good	Good	Good Job
ter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
eg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job
						7/5/2005 5:03:10 AM	Bad	Very Bad	Bad Job

## F. DAX NOT

**NotSale**

=

**NOT(IF(**

**EmployeeSales[Sales] > 2000,**

**"TRUE", "FALSE")**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'NotSale' is being created, with the formula `NotSale = NOT(IF(EmployeeSales[Sales] > 2000, "TRUE", "FALSE"))`. The resulting table includes the original columns and the new 'NotSale' column. The 'New column' button in the ribbon is highlighted.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	NotSale
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	False
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	False
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	True
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	False
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	False
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	True
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	False
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	True
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	True
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	False
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	False
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	False
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	True
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	True
						True

## G. DAX CALCULATE IN

**SalesIN**

=

**CALCULATE(SUM(**

**EmployeeSales[YearlyIncome]) ,**

**'EmployeeSales'[Education]**

**IN {**

**"Education", "Bachelors", "Masters Degree"})**

**New column Calculations**

**these are blank because they are NOT IN Bachelors or Masters**

**they are OTHERS**

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SalesIN
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.21	90000
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	80000
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0984	
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	30782.21	80000
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	70000
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	80000
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	

## H. DAX TRUE

**TRUESale =**

**IF(**

**EmployeeSales[Sales] > AVERAGE(EmployeeSales[Sales]),**

**TRUE(), FALSE() )**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with a table named 'EmployeeSales'. A new column 'TRUESale' is being created with the formula:

```
TRUESale = IF([Sales] > AVERAGE([Sales]), TRUE(), FALSE())
```

The table data includes columns: FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and TRUESale. Red boxes highlight specific rows and cells. Annotations explain the logic:

- if salary is lower than average, FALSE
- if salary higher than average, TRUE

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	TRUESale
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.21	True
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	True
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.09	False
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.21	True
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	True
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	False
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	True
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	False
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	False
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	True
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	True
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	True
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.51	False
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.71	False

## I. DAX IFERROR

**ErrorSale = IFERROR(**

**EmployeeSales[Sales]/0, 100)**

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Help Table tools Column tools

Name: ErrorSale Format: General Summarization: Sum Data category: Uncategorized Sort by column: Sort Data groups: Groups Manage relationships: Relationships

Structure: ErrorSale = IFERROR(EmployeeSales[Sales]/0, 100) Calculations: New column

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	ErrorSale
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.2	100
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.9	100
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50	80000	1098
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.2	100
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.9	100
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.9	100
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.4	100
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.9	100
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.9	100
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.9	100
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.9	100
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.5	100
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.5	100
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	100

if there's an error  
it will display 100

indeed all errors because  
we divide Sales by 0

## J. DAX SWITCH

### SwitchMonth

=

```
SWITCH(MONTH(  

EmployeeSales[HireDate]),  

1, "January", 2, "February", 3, "March", 4, "April", 5,  

"May", 12, "December",  

"Unknown")
```

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Table tools' tab selected. A new column named 'SwitchMonth' is being created, with its formula displayed in the formula bar:

```
SwitchMonth = SWITCH(MONTH(EmployeeSales[HireDate]), 1, "January", 2, "February", 3, "March", 4, "April", 5, "May", 12, "December", "Unknown")
```

The data table below contains 18 rows of employee information. The 'SwitchMonth' column uses the formula to map the month number from the 'HireDate' column to its corresponding month name. Red annotations highlight specific cells: circled '1' in the 'YearlyIncome' column, circled '12' in the 'HireDate' column, circled '1' in the 'SwitchMonth' column header, and circled 'January' in the 'SwitchMonth' column.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	SwitchMonth
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	1/28/2006 1:10:02 PM	January
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	12/29/2010 3:10:02 PM	December
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	12/29/2011 10:14:02 PM	December
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	12/28/2012 7:04:22 PM	December
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	9/22/2008 7:04:22 PM	Unknown
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	7/6/2009 12:09:14 PM	Unknown
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	8/12/2009 3:13:14 PM	Unknown
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7/5/2007 3:13:14 PM	Unknown
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	9/15/2013 3:13:14 PM	Unknown
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	1/25/2014 4:01:14 PM	January
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	10/2/2006 5:03:10 AM	Unknown
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	5/15/2014 5:03:10 AM	May
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	1/14/2013 5:03:10 AM	January
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	7/5/2013 5:03:10 AM	Unknown

If Month of Hire date is 1, then below statement returns January,  
 2 means February,  
 3 means march, 4 means April, 5 means May,  
 12 means December  
 otherwise, Unknown.

## V. DAX STRING FUNCTIONS

### A. DAX LEN

$$\text{LEN} = \text{LEN}(\text{EmployeeSales}[FirstName])$$

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'LEN' is being created, which contains the formula `LEN = LEN(EmployeeSales[FirstName])`. The 'Data type' is set to 'Whole number'. The table structure includes columns for FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and LEN. The LEN column displays the character count for each first name. A red box highlights the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'New column' button in the ribbon.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	LEN
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	4
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	3
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.096	5
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	7
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	3
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	4
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	4
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	7
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	3
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	7
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	4
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.53	5
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	5
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	4

counts the number of characters in the FIRST NAME

### B. DAX LOWER

$$\text{LOWER} = \text{LOWER}(\text{EmployeeSales}[Occupation])$$

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'LOWER' is being created, which contains the formula `LOWER = LOWER(EmployeeSales[Occupation])`. The 'Data type' is set to 'Text'. The table structure includes columns for FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, and LOWER. The LOWER column displays the occupation names converted to lowercase. A red box highlights the formula bar, and another red box highlights the 'New column' button in the ribbon.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	LOWER
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	professional
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	management
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.096	skilled manual
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	professional
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	skilled manual
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	professional
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	management
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	clerical
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	clerical
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	management
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	professional
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.53	management
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	clerical
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	clerical

changes all to LOWER CASE

### C. DAX UPPER

**UPPER = UPPER(EmployeeSales[Education])**

change to  
UPPER CASE

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	UPPER
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.23	BACHELORS
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	BACHELORS
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0984	PARTIAL COLLEGE
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.23	BACHELORS
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	HIGH SCHOOL
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	BACHELORS
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	MASTERS DEGREE
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	PARTIAL HIGH SCHOOL
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	PARTIAL HIGH SCHOOL
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	GRADUATE DEGREE
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	EDUCATION
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	EDUCATION
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	GRADUATE DEGREE
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	PARTIAL HIGH SCHOOL

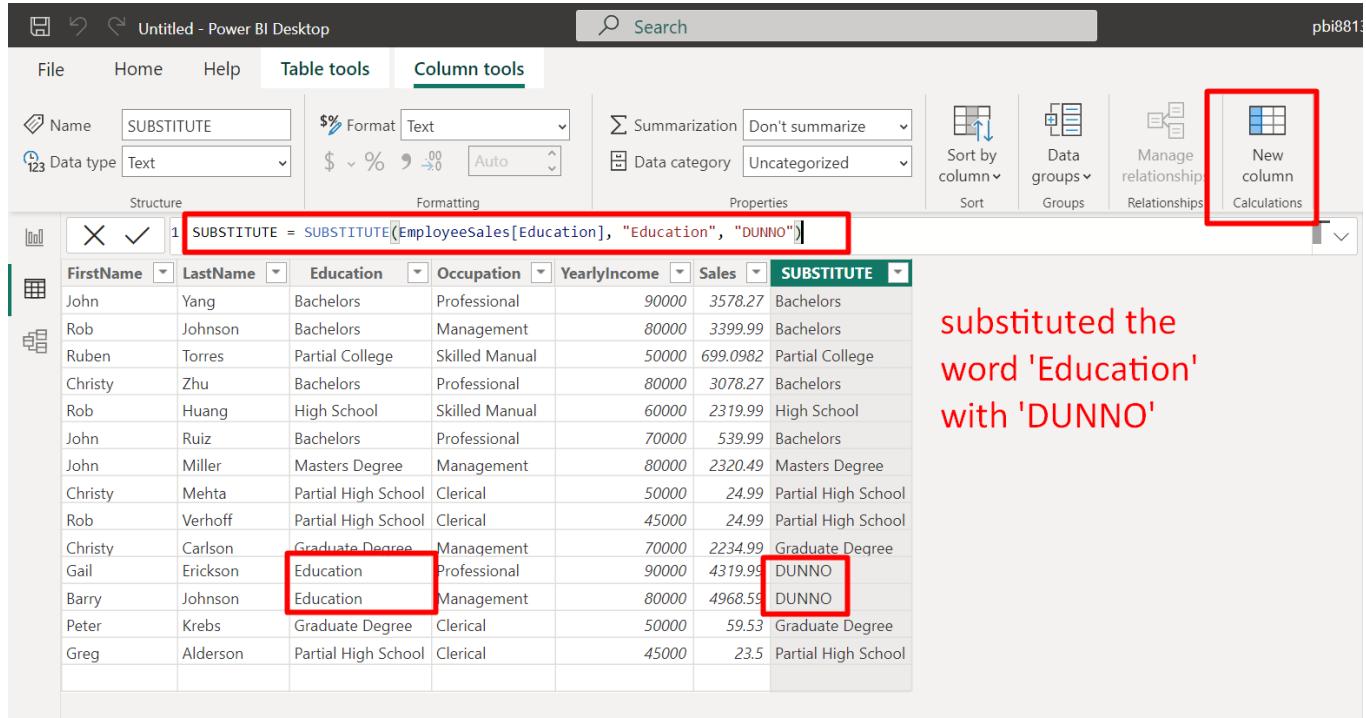
### D. DAX REPT

**REPT = REPT(EmployeeSales[LastName], 2)**

repeat the last  
name TWICE

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	REPT
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.23	YangYang
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	JohnsonJohnson
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0984	TorresTorres
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.23	ZhuZhu
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	HuangHuang
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	RuizRuiz
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	MillerMiller
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	MehtaMehta
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	VerhoffVerhoff
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	CarlsonCarlson
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	EricksonErickson
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	JohnsonJohnson
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	KrebsKrebs
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	AldersonAlderson

**E. DAX SUBSTITUTE**  
**SUBSTITUTE**  
 =  
**SUBSTITUTE(**  
**EmployeeSales[Education],**  
**"Education", "DUNNO")**



The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' ribbon selected. In the 'Structure' section, a new column named 'SUBSTITUTE' has been created, with the formula `SUBSTITUTE(EmployeeSales[Education], "Education", "DUNNO")`. The 'Calculations' button in the ribbon is highlighted with a red box. The table below contains sample data with the 'Education' column being substituted.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SUBSTITUTE
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	Bachelors
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	Bachelors
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	Partial College
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	Bachelors
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	High School
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	Bachelors
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	Masters Degree
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	Partial High School
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	Partial High School
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	Graduate Degree
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	DUNNO
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.51	DUNNO
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	Graduate Degree
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	Partial High School

substituted the word 'Education' with 'DUNNO'

F. DAX EXACT

**EXACT**

=

**EXACT(**

**EmployeeSales[Education],**

**LEFT(**

**EmployeeSales[SUBSTITUTE], 20))**

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Help Table tools Column tools

Name: EXACT  
Data type: True/false

Format: True/false  
Summarization: Don't summarize

Sort by column  
Data groups  
Manage relationships

New column Calculations

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SUBSTITUTE	EXACT
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	Bachelors	True
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	Bachelors	True
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	Partial College	True
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	308.27	Bachelors	True
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	319.99	High School	True
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	Bachelors	True
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	Masters Degree	True
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	Partial High School	True
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	Partial High School	True
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	Graduate Degree	True
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	DUNNO	False
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.51	DUNNO	False
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	Graduate Degree	True
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	Partial High School	True

compares the first 20 characters.. are they exactly the same? if YES, then TRUE  
but if there's a difference in the first 20 characters.. then NO, is FALSE

**G. DAX CONCATENATE**

**CONCAT**

=

**CONCATENATE(**

**EmployeeSales[FirstName],**

**EmployeeSales[LastName])**

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the following details:

- Column Tools Tab:** The "Name" field is set to "CONCAT" and the "Data type" is "Text".
- Formula Bar:** The formula `1 CONCAT = CONCATENATE(EmployeeSales[FirstName], EmployeeSales[LastName])` is entered.
- Table View:** A table with columns: FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, SUBSTITUTE, and CONCAT. The "CONCAT" column displays the concatenated first and last names for each row.
- Red Boxes:** Two red boxes highlight the "New column" button in the ribbon and the "CONCAT" column header in the table view.
- Text at Bottom:** A red box contains the text "unfortunately, CONCAT doesn't allow you to put a SPACE in between 2 words!"

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SUBSTITUTE	CONCAT
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	Bachelors	JohnYang
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	Bachelors	RobJohnson
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	Partial College	RubenTorres
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	Bachelors	ChristyZhu
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	High School	RobHuang
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	Bachelors	JohnRuiz
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	Masters Degree	JohnMiller
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	Partial High School	ChristyMehta
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	Partial High School	RobVerhoff
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	Graduate Degree	ChristyCarlson
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	DUNNO	GailErickson
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	DUNNO	BarryJohnson
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	Graduate Degree	PeterKrebs
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	Partial High School	GregAlderson

Try using this instead:

## Full Name

=

EmployeeSales[FirstName] &  
" " & EmployeeSales[LastName]

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Table tools' ribbon selected. A new column named 'Full Name' has been created, as indicated by the formula bar: '1 Full Name = EmployeeSales[FirstName] & " " & EmployeeSales[LastName]'. The 'New column' button in the ribbon is highlighted with a red box. The table contains 18 rows of employee data, and the newly created 'Full Name' column is shown on the right side of the table.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SUBSTITUTE	CONCAT	Full Name
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	Bachelors	JohnYang	John Yang
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	Bachelors	RobJohnson	Rob Johnson
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	Partial College	RubenTorres	Ruben Torres
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	Bachelors	ChristyZhu	Christy Zhu
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	High School	RobHuang	Rob Huang
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	Bachelors	JohnRuiz	John Ruiz
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	Masters Degree	JohnMiller	John Miller
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	Partial High School	ChristyMehta	Christy Mehta
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	Partial High School	RobVerhoff	Rob Verhoff
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	Graduate Degree	ChristyCarlson	Christy Carlson
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	DUNNO	GailErickson	Gail Erickson
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	DUNNO	BarryJohnson	Barry Johnson
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	Graduate Degree	PeterKrebs	Peter Krebs
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	Partial High School	GregAlderson	Greg Alderson

## H. DAX COMBINE

# COMBINE

=

**COMBINEVALUES(**

**" , ",**

**EmployeeSales[FirstName],**

**EmployeeSales[LastName],**

**EmployeeSales[Education])**

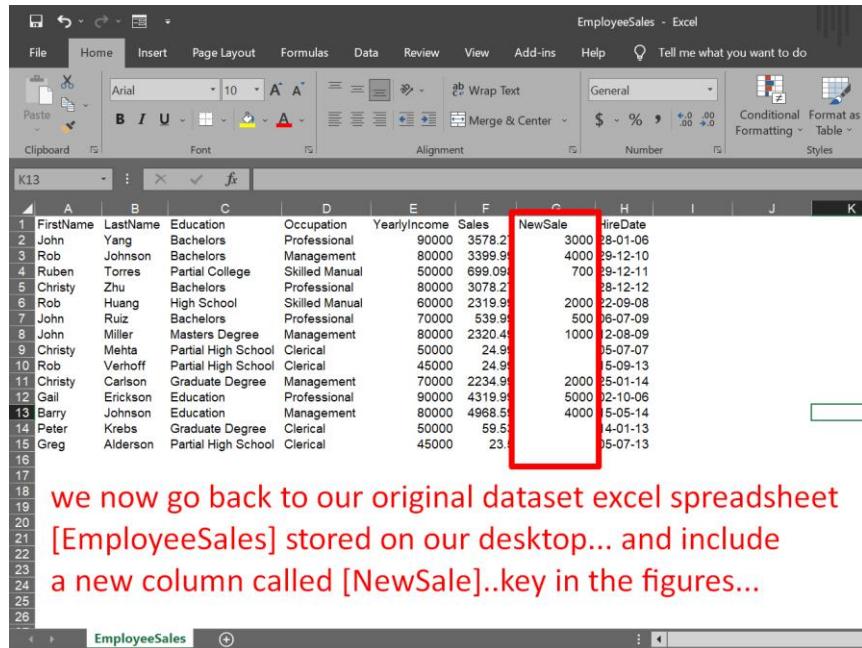
The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Column tools' tab selected. A new column named 'COMBINE' has been created, and its formula is displayed in the formula bar: `COMBINE = COMBINEVALUES(" , ", EmployeeSales[FirstName], EmployeeSales[LastName], EmployeeSales[Education])`. The data grid below shows the original columns (FirstName, LastName, Education, Occupation, YearlyIncome, Sales, SUBSTITUTE) and the newly generated 'COMBINE' column, which contains the concatenated string of FirstName, LastName, and Education for each row.

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	SUBSTITUTE	COMBINE
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	Bachelors	John , Yang , Bachelors
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	Bachelors	Rob , Johnson , Bachelors
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	Partial College	Ruben , Torres , Partial College
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	Bachelors	Christy , Zhu , Bachelors
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	High School	Rob , Huang , High School
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	Bachelors	John , Ruiz , Bachelors
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	Masters Degree	John , Miller , Masters Degree
Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	Partial High School	Christy , Mehta , Partial High School
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	Partial High School	Rob , Verhoff , Partial High School
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	Graduate Degree	Christy , Carlson , Graduate Degree
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	DUNNO	Gail , Erickson , Education
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	DUNNO	Barry , Johnson , Education
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	Graduate Degree	Peter , Krebs , Graduate Degree
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	Partial High School	Greg , Alderson , Partial High School
							..

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## VI. APPENDIX: CREATE A NEW COLUMN [NEW SALES]

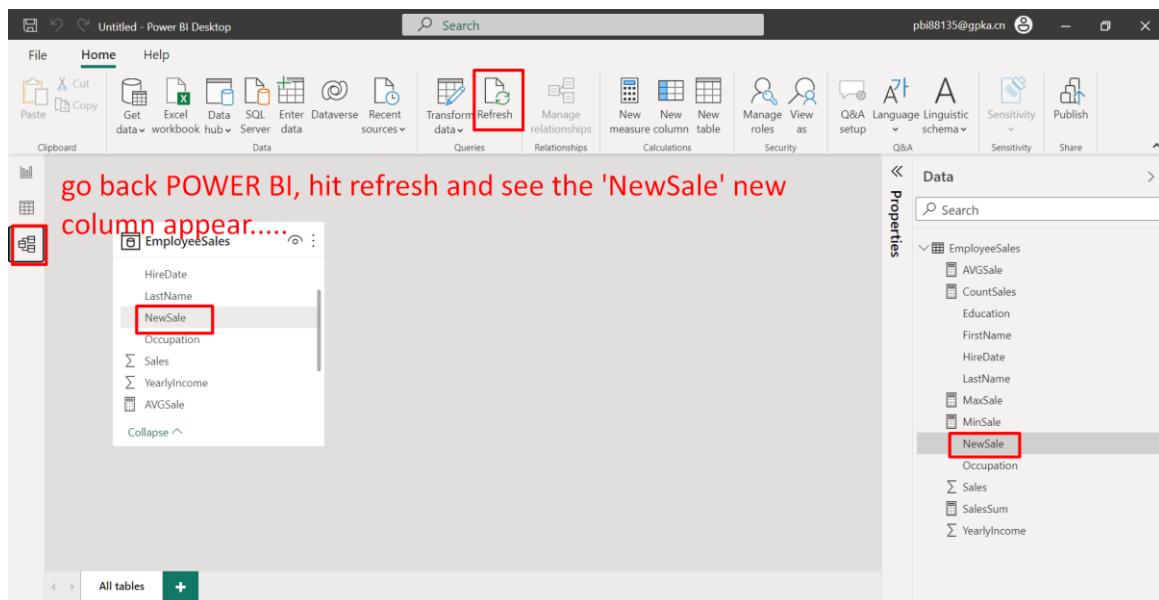
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The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet titled "EmployeeSales - Excel". The data consists of 15 rows of employee information. A new column, "NewSale", has been added to the right of the "Sales" column. The "NewSale" column contains values such as 3000, 4000, 700, etc. A red box highlights the "NewSale" column.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	NewSale	HireDate			
2	John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.21	3000	28-01-06			
3	Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.91	4000	29-12-10			
4	Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.09	700	29-12-11			
5	Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.21		28-12-12			
6	Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.91	2000	22-09-08			
7	John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.91	500	06-07-09			
8	John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.41	1000	22-08-09			
9	Christy	Mehta	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.91		05-07-07			
10	Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.91		5-09-13			
11	Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.91	2000	25-01-14			
12	Gail	Ericksen	Education	Professional	90000	4319.91	5000	02-10-06			
13	Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.51	4000	15-05-14			
14	Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.51		14-01-13			
15	Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.		05-07-13			

we now go back to our original dataset excel spreadsheet [EmployeeSales] stored on our desktop... and include a new column called [NewSale]..key in the figures...



The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the file "Untitled - Power BI Desktop". In the "Data" view, the "EmployeeSales" table is selected, and a red box highlights the "NewSale" column. In the "Properties" pane on the right, the "EmployeeSales" table is expanded, and its "NewSale" column is also highlighted with a red box.

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

File Home Help Table tools Column tools

Name: YearlyIncome Data type: Whole number

Format: Whole number \$ % .00 0

Summarization: Sum Data category: Uncategorized

Sort by column Sort Data groups Groups Manage relationships Relationships

New column Calculations

**do note that creating a New column with customized values is not possible here....**

**neither is it possible to add new column in Power Query**

**because they require you to have added relationships to currently available columns [but which u don't have those relationships]**

FirstName	LastName	Education	Occupation	YearlyIncome	Sales	HireDate	NewSale
John	Yang	Bachelors	Professional	90000	3578.27	28-01-06	3000
Rob	Johnson	Bachelors	Management	80000	3399.99	29-12-10	4000
Ruben	Torres	Partial College	Skilled Manual	50000	699.0982	29-12-11	700
Christy	Zhu	Bachelors	Professional	80000	3078.27	28-12-12	
Rob	Huang	High School	Skilled Manual	60000	2319.99	22-09-08	2000
John	Ruiz	Bachelors	Professional	70000	539.99	06-07-09	500
John	Miller	Masters Degree	Management	80000	2320.49	12-08-09	1000
Christy	Mehtha	Partial High School	Clerical	50000	24.99	05-07-07	
Rob	Verhoff	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	24.99	15-09-13	
Christy	Carlson	Graduate Degree	Management	70000	2234.99	25-01-14	2000
Gail	Erickson	Education	Professional	90000	4319.99	02-10-06	5000
Barry	Johnson	Education	Management	80000	4968.59	15-05-14	4000
Peter	Krebs	Graduate Degree	Clerical	50000	59.53	14-01-13	
Greg	Alderson	Partial High School	Clerical	45000	23.5	05-07-13	

the NewSale column has appeared....

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#### **ABOUT DR. ALVIN ANG**

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Dr. Alvin Ang earned his Ph.D., Masters and Bachelor degrees from NTU, Singapore. He is a scientist, entrepreneur, as well as a personal/business advisor. More about him at [www.AlvinAng.sg](http://www.AlvinAng.sg).